

I. OVERVIEW OF THE FUNDING OPPORTUNITY

Program Announcement for the Department of Defense

Defense Health Program

Congressionally Directed Medical Research Programs

Peer Reviewed Medical Research Program

Discovery Award

Announcement Type: Modified

Funding Opportunity Number: W81XWH-19-PRMRP-DA

**Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number: 12.420 Military Medical
Research and Development**

SUBMISSION AND REVIEW DATES AND TIMES

- **Pre-Application Submission Deadline:** 5:00 p.m. Eastern time (ET), March 28, 2019
- **Application Submission Deadline:** 11:59 p.m. ET, April 11, 2019
- **End of Application Verification Period:** 5:00 p.m. ET, April 16, 2019
- **Peer Review:** June 2019
- **Programmatic Review:** August/September 2019

This Program Announcement must be read in conjunction with the General Application Instructions, version 20181120. The General Applications Instructions document is available for downloading from the Grants.gov funding opportunity announcement by selecting the “Package” tab, clicking “Preview,” and then selecting “Download Instructions.”

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II. DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDING OPPORTUNITY

II.A. Program Description

Applications to the Fiscal Year 2019 (FY19) Peer Reviewed Medical Research Program (PRMRP) are being solicited for the Defense Health Agency (DHA) J9, Research and Development Directorate, by the U.S. Army Medical Research Acquisition Activity (USAMRAA) using delegated authority provided by United States Code, Title 10, Section 2358 (10 USC 2358). As directed by the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs (OASD[HA]), the DHA manages the Defense Health Program (DHP) Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation (RDT&E) appropriation. The execution management agent for this Program Announcement is the Congressionally Directed Medical Research Programs (CDMRP). The PRMRP was initiated in 1999 to provide support for medical research projects of clear scientific merit and direct relevance to military health. Appropriations for the PRMRP from FY99 through FY18 totaled \$2.0 billion (B). The FY19 appropriation is \$350 million (M).

The vision of the FY19 PRMRP is to improve the health, care, and well-being of all military Service members, Veterans, and beneficiaries. The PRMRP challenges the scientific and clinical communities to address the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas with original ideas that foster new directions along the entire spectrum of research and clinical care. The program seeks applications in laboratory, clinical, behavioral, epidemiologic, and other areas of research to advance knowledge in disease etiology, improve prevention, detection, diagnosis, treatment, and quality of life for those affected by a relevant disease or condition, and to develop and validate clinical care or public health guidelines.

II.A.1. FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas

All applications for PRMRP funding must specifically address at least one of the Topic Areas as directed by Congress and have direct relevance to military health. If the proposed research does not specifically address at least one of the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas, the Government will administratively withdraw the application. The Government reserves the right to reassign the application's Topic Area if submitted under an inappropriate Topic Area. The FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas are listed below.

- Acute Lung Injury
- Antimicrobial Resistance
- Arthritis
- Burn Pit Exposure
- Cardiomyopathy
- Cerebellar Ataxia
- Chronic Migraine and Post-Traumatic Headache
- Congenital Heart Disease
- Constrictive Bronchiolitis
- Diabetes
- Dystonia
- Eating Disorders

- Emerging Infectious Diseases
- Epidermolysis Bullosa
- Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis
- Frontotemporal Degeneration
- Guillain-Barré Syndrome
- Hemorrhage Control
- Hepatitis B
- Hereditary Angioedema
- Hydrocephalus
- Immunomonitoring of Intestinal Transplants
- Inflammatory Bowel Diseases
- Interstitial Cystitis
- Lung Injury
- Metals Toxicology
- Mitochondrial Disease
- Musculoskeletal Disorders
- Myotonic Dystrophy
- Nanomaterials for Bone Regeneration
- Nutrition Optimization
- Pancreatitis
- Pathogen-Inactivated Blood Products
- Polycystic Kidney Disease
- Post-Traumatic Osteoarthritis
- Pressure Ulcers
- Pulmonary Fibrosis
- Resilience Training
- Respiratory Health
- Rett Syndrome
- Rheumatoid Arthritis
- Scleroderma
- Sleep Disorders
- Spinal Muscular Atrophy
- Tinnitus
- Tissue Regeneration
- Tuberculosis
- Vascular Malformations
- Women's Heart Disease

Applicants should select the FY19 PRMRP Program Announcement most appropriate to the stage of the proposed research. Areas of Encouragement related to the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas have been identified by the Department of Defense (DoD), the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), and other relevant stakeholders ([Appendix 2](#)). Applicants are urged to read and consider these Areas of Encouragement before preparing their applications. ***The information provided is not exhaustive, and applicants are not restricted to submitting applications that address an Area of Encouragement on this list.***

II.B. Award Information

The intent of the PRMRP Discovery Award is to *support innovative, non-incremental, high-risk/potentially high-reward research* that will provide new insights, paradigms, technologies, or applications. Studies supported by this award are expected to lay the groundwork for future avenues of scientific investigation. *The proposed research project should include a well-formulated, testable hypothesis* based on a sound scientific rationale and study design. The anticipated direct costs budgeted for the entire period of performance for an FY19 PRMRP Discovery Award will not exceed **\$200,000**. Refer to [Section II.D.5, Funding Restrictions](#), for detailed funding information.

Innovation is the most important review criterion. Innovative research may introduce a new paradigm, look at existing problems from new perspectives, or exhibit other highly creative qualities. Research that represents an incremental advancement on previously published work is not considered innovative. The following list, although not all-inclusive, provides examples of research that is *not innovative*:

- Exploring a previously tested hypothesis in a different cell line or in a new population
- Using a published series of in-vitro assays to further characterize a model system
- Incorporating known biomarkers into in-vivo or clinical models of the disease or condition
- Investigating the next logical step or continuation of a previous research project
- Proposing work that is an incremental advancement of published data

Inclusion of preliminary data is not required, but is allowed. The strength of the proposed research should be based on sound scientific rationale and logical reasoning. The presentation of substantial preliminary data suggests that the proposed research project would be more appropriately submitted to a different award mechanism. The outcome of research supported by this award should be the generation of robust preliminary data that can be used as a foundation for future research projects. **Absence of preliminary data will not negatively affect scientific or programmatic review of the application.**

Relevance to Military Health: Relevance to the healthcare needs of military Service members, Veterans, military beneficiaries, and/or the American public is a key feature of this award. Applications are required to include an explanation of how the proposed project has relevance to military health. Examples include:

- Explanation of how the project addresses an aspect of the target disease/condition/technology that has direct relevance or is unique to the health of military Service members, Veterans, or beneficiaries
- Explanation of how the project addresses an aspect of the target disease/condition/technology that has relevance or is unique to the military or family readiness of Service members

- Description of how the knowledge, information, products, or technologies gained from the proposed research could be implemented in a dual-use capacity to benefit the civilian population and also address a military need
- Use of military or Veteran populations or datasets, if appropriate to the proposed research

PIs are encouraged to integrate and/or align their research projects with DoD and/or VA research laboratories and programs. Collaboration with DoD or VA investigators is also encouraged; however, as the peer and programmatic reviewers will not have access to the identity of the PI, collaborators, and their organizations, collaboration cannot be taken into consideration for funding decisions. A list of websites that may be useful in identifying additional information about ongoing DoD and VA areas of research interest or potential opportunities for collaboration within the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas can be found in [Appendix 3](#).

Reviewers at both tiers of review will be blinded to the identity of the Principal Investigator (PI), collaborators, and their organization(s). Due to the blinded nature of the review process, identifying or making references to the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s) in certain components of the application is prohibited and will result in administrative rejection of the application. Refer to [Section II.D.2.b.i, Full Application Guidelines](#), for more information. A document describing common blinding mistakes to avoid can be found on the eBRAP “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>).

Early career investigators, including postdoctoral fellows (or equivalent), are encouraged to be named as the PI.

The CDMRP expects to allot approximately \$18M to fund approximately 60 Discovery Award applications. Funding of applications received is contingent upon the availability of Federal funds for this program as well as the number of applications received, the quality and merit of the applications as evaluated by scientific and programmatic review, and the requirements of the Government. Funds to be obligated on any award resulting from this funding opportunity will be available for use for a limited time period based on the fiscal year of the funds. It is anticipated that awards made from this FY19 funding opportunity will be funded with FY19 funds, which will expire for use on September 30, 2025.

Awards will be made no later than September 30, 2020. For additional information, refer to [Section II.F.1, Federal Award Notices](#).

The types of awards made under the Program Announcement will be assistance agreements (grants or cooperative agreement). The level of involvement on the part of the DoD during project performance is the key factor in determining whether to award a grant or cooperative agreement.

An assistance agreement (grant or cooperative agreement) is appropriate when the Federal Government transfers a “thing of value” to a “state, local government,” or “other recipient” to carry out a public purpose of support or stimulation authorized by a law of the United States, instead of acquiring property or service for the direct benefit and use of the U.S. Government. An assistance agreement can take the form of a grant or cooperative agreement. If “no substantial involvement” on the part of the funding agency is anticipated, a grant award will be

made (31 USC 6304). Conversely, if substantial involvement on the part of the funding agency is anticipated, a cooperative agreement will be made (31 USC 6305) and the award will identify the specific substantial involvement. Substantial involvement may include collaboration, participation, or intervention in the research to be performed under the award. The award type, along with the start date, will be determined during the negotiation process.

Research involving animals, human subjects, and human anatomical substances is permitted; however, ***this award may not be used to conduct clinical trials***. For information on how to distinguish clinical research from clinical trials, see the “Human Subject Resource Document” at <https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>. PIs seeking funding for a clinical trial should apply to the FY19 PRMRP Clinical Trial Award mechanism (W81XWH-19-PRMRP-CTA).

Research Involving Human Anatomical Substances, Human Subjects, or Human

Cadavers: All DoD-funded research involving new and ongoing research with human anatomical substances, human subjects, or human cadavers must be reviewed and approved by the U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command (USAMRMC) Office of Research Protections (ORP), Human Research Protection Office (HRPO), prior to research implementation. This administrative review requirement is in addition to the local Institutional Review Board (IRB) or Ethics Committee (EC) review. Local IRB/EC approval at the time of submission is ***not*** required. The HRPO is mandated to comply with specific laws and requirements governing all research involving human anatomical substances, human subjects, or human cadavers that is supported by the DoD. These laws and requirements will necessitate information in addition to that supplied to the IRB/EC. ***Allow a minimum of 2 to 3 months for HRPO regulatory review and approval processes***. Additional time for regulatory reviews may be needed for clinical studies taking place in international settings. When possible, protocols should be written for research with human subjects and/or human anatomical substances that are specific to the DoD-supported effort outlined in the submitted application as a stand-alone study. Submission to HRPO of protocols involving more than the scope of work in the DoD-funded award will require HRPO review of the entire protocol (DoD and non-DoD funded). DoD human subjects protection requirements may be applied to non-DoD funded work and necessitate extensive revisions to the protocol. Applications that involve recruitment of human subjects must indicate the quarterly enrollment targets across all sites in Attachment 5: Statement of Work (SOW). Successful applicants will work with USAMRAA to establish milestones for human subjects recruitment. Continued support for the project will be based upon satisfactory progress in meeting the established milestones. Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 1, and the Human Subject Resource Document available on the electronic Biomedical Research Application Portal (eBRAP) “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>) for additional information.

Research Involving Animals: All DoD-funded research involving new and ongoing research with animals must be reviewed and approved by the USAMRMC ORP Animal Care and Use Review Office (ACURO), in addition to the local Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) of record. IACUC approval at the time of submission is ***not*** required. Specific documents relating to the use of animals in the proposed research will be requested ***if the application is selected for funding***. The ACURO must review and approve all animal use prior to the start of working with animals, including amendments to ongoing projects. PIs must submit the institutional animal use protocol, IACUC approval of that protocol, and a version of

the animal use appendix titled, “Research Involving Animals.” *Allow at least 2 to 3 months for ACURO regulatory review and approval processes for animal studies.* Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 1, for additional information.

The CDMRP intends that information, data, and research resources generated under awards funded by this Program Announcement be made available to the research community (which includes both scientific and consumer advocacy communities) and to the public at large. For additional guidance, refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 2, Section K.

II.C. Eligibility Information

II.C.1. Eligible Applicants

II.C.1.a. Organization: All organizations, including international organizations, are eligible to apply.

Government Agencies Within the United States: Local, state, and Federal Government agencies are eligible to the extent that applications do not overlap with their fully funded internal programs. Such agencies are required to explain how their applications do not overlap with their internal programs.

As applications for this Program Announcement may be submitted by extramural and intramural organizations, these terms are defined below.

Extramural Organization: An eligible non-DoD organization. Examples of extramural organizations include academic institutions, biotechnology companies, foundations, other Federal Government organization other than the DoD, and research institutes.

Intramural DoD Organization: A DoD laboratory, DoD military treatment facility, and/or DoD activity embedded within a civilian medical center.

Note: Applications from an intramural DoD organization or from an extramural Federal Government organization may be submitted to Grants.gov through a research foundation.

The USAMRAA makes awards to eligible organizations, not to individuals.

II.C.1.b. Principal Investigator

Investigators at the level of postdoctoral fellow or clinical fellow (or equivalent) and above may be named by the organization as the PI on the application.

An eligible PI, regardless of ethnicity, nationality, or citizenship status, must be employed by, or affiliated with, an eligible organization.

The CDMRP encourages all PIs to participate in a digital identifier initiative through Open Researcher and Contributor ID, Inc. (ORCID). Registration for a unique ORCID identifier can be done online at <https://orcid.org/>.

II.C.2. Cost Sharing

Cost sharing/matching is not an eligibility requirement.

II.C.3. Other

Organizations must be able to access **.gov** and **.mil** websites in order to fulfill the financial and technical deliverable requirements of the award and submit invoices for payment.

There are no limitations on the number of applications for which an investigator may be named as a PI.

For general information on required qualifications for award recipients, refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 3.

Refer to [Section II.H.2, Administrative Actions](#), for a list of administrative actions that may be taken if a pre-application or application does not meet the administrative, eligibility, or ethical requirements defined in this Program Announcement.

II.D. Application and Submission Information

Submission of applications that are essentially identical or propose essentially the same research project to different funding opportunities within the FY19 PRMRP is prohibited and will result in administrative withdrawal of the duplicative application(s). As an exception, applicants may submit the research project described in their Discovery Award application as part of an application to the FY19 PRMRP Focused Program Award (Funding Opportunity Number: W81XWH-19-PRMRP-FPA); however, accepting multiple awards to support the same project will not be allowed.

Extramural Submission: An application submitted by an organization to Grants.gov.

Intramural DoD Submission: An application submitted by a DoD organization to eBRAP.

II.D.1. Address to Request Application Package

eBRAP is a multifunctional web-based system that allows PIs to submit their pre-applications electronically through a secure connection, to view and edit the content of their pre-applications and full applications, to receive communications from the CDMRP, and to submit documentation during award negotiations and period of performance.

Extramural Submissions:

- Pre-application content and forms must be accessed and submitted at eBRAP.org.
- Full application packages must be accessed and submitted at Grants.gov.

Intramural DoD Submissions:

- Pre-application content and forms must be accessed and submitted at eBRAP.org.
- Full application packages must be accessed and submitted at eBRAP.org.

Contact information for the CDMRP Help Desk and the Grants.gov Contact Center can be found in [Section II.G, Federal Awarding Agency Contacts](#).

II.D.2. Content and Form of the Application Submission

Submission is a two-step process requiring both *pre-application* and *full application* as indicated below. The submission process should be started early to avoid missing deadlines. There are no grace periods.

Pre-Application Submission: All pre-applications for both extramural and intramural organizations must be submitted through eBRAP (<https://eBRAP.org/>).

Full Application Submission: Full applications must be submitted through the online portals as described below.

Extramural Organization Submissions: Full applications from extramural organizations must be submitted through Grants.gov Workspace. Applications submitted by extramural organizations (e.g., research foundations) on behalf of intramural DoD or other Federal organizations or investigators will be considered extramural submissions. Applications from extramural organizations, including non-DoD Federal organizations, received through eBRAP will be withdrawn. See definitions in [Section II.C.1, Eligible Applicants](#).

Intramural DoD Organization Submissions: Intramural DoD organizations may submit full applications to either eBRAP or Grants.gov. Intramural DoD organizations that are unable to submit to Grants.gov should submit through eBRAP. Intramural DoD organizations with the capability to submit through Grants.gov may submit following the instructions for extramural submissions through Grants.gov or may submit to eBRAP.

For Both Extramural and Intramural Applicants: eBRAP allows an organization's representatives and PIs to view and modify the full application submissions associated with them. eBRAP will validate full application files against the specific Program Announcement requirements, and discrepancies will be noted in an email to the PI and in the "Full Application Files" tab in eBRAP. It is the applicant's responsibility to review all application components for accuracy as well as ensure proper ordering as specified in this Program Announcement.

The application title, eBRAP log number, and all information for the PI, Business Official(s), performing organization, and contracting organization must be consistent throughout the entire pre-application and full application submission process. Inconsistencies may delay application processing and limit or negate the ability to view, modify, and verify the application in eBRAP. If any changes need to be made, the applicant should contact the CDMRP Help Desk at help@eBRAP.org or 301-682-5507 prior to the application submission deadline.

II.D.2.a. Step 1: Pre-Application Submission Content

During the pre-application process, eBRAP assigns each submission a unique log number. This unique eBRAP log number is required during the full application submission process.

To begin the pre-application process, first select whether the submitting organization is extramural or intramural, then confirm your selection or cancel. **Incorrect selection of extramural or intramural submission type will delay processing.**

If an error has been made in the selection of extramural versus intramural and the pre-application submission deadline has passed, the PI or Business Official must contact the CDMRP Help Desk at help@eBRAP.org or 301-682-5507 to request a change in designation.

All pre-application components must be submitted by the PI through eBRAP (<https://eBRAP.org/>).

The applicant organization and associated PIs identified in the pre-application should be the same as those intended for the subsequent application submission. If any changes are necessary after submission of the pre-application, the PI must contact the CDMRP Help Desk at help@eBRAP.org or 301-682-5507.

PIs with an ORCID identifier should enter that information in the appropriate field in the “My Profile” tab in the “Account Information” section of eBRAP.

The pre-application consists of the following components, which are organized in eBRAP by separate tabs (refer to the General Application Instructions, Section II.B, for additional information on pre-application submission):

- **Tab 1 – Application Information**

Submission of application information includes assignment of primary and secondary research classification codes, which may be found at <https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>. Note that the codes have recently been revised. Applicants are strongly encouraged to review and confirm the codes prior to making their selection.

Select the FY19 PRMRP Topic Area addressed by the proposed research. If the proposed research project is aligned with more than one FY19 PRMRP Topic Area, select the Topic Area of highest relevance as the required first choice.

- **Tab 2 – Application Contacts**

Enter contact information for the PI. Enter the organization’s Business Official responsible for sponsored program administration (the “person to be contacted on matters involving this application” in Block 5 of the Grants.gov SF424 Research & Related Form). The Business Official must be either selected from the eBRAP list or invited in order for the pre-application to be submitted.

Select the performing organization (site at which the PI will perform the proposed work) and the contracting organization (organization that will submit the application to Grants.gov; corresponds to Block 5 on the Grants.gov SF424 Research & Related Form), and click on “Add Organizations to this Pre-application.” The organization(s) must be either selected from the eBRAP drop-down list or invited in order for the pre-application to be submitted.

It is recommended that applicants identify an Alternate Submitter in the event that assistance with pre-application submission is needed.

- **Tab 3 – Collaborators and Key Personnel**

Enter the name, organization, and role of all collaborators and key personnel associated with the application.

[FY19 PRMRP Programmatic Panel](#) members should not be involved in any pre-application or application. For questions related to panel members and pre-applications or applications, refer to [Section II.H.2.c, Withdrawal](#), or contact the CDMRP Help Desk at help@eBRAP.org or 301-682-5507.

- **Tab 4 – Conflicts of Interest**

List all individuals other than collaborators and key personnel who may have a COI in the review of the application (including those with whom the PI has a personal or professional relationship).

- **Tab 5 – Pre-Application Files**

Letter of Intent (LOI) (one-page limit): Provide a brief description of the research to be conducted. Include the FY19 PRMRP Topic Area(s) under which the application will be submitted. LOIs are used for program planning purposes only (e.g., reviewer recruitment) and will not be reviewed during either the peer or programmatic review sessions.

- **Tab 6 – Submit Pre-Application**

This tab must be completed for the pre-application to be accepted and processed.

II.D.2.b. Step 2: Full Application Submission Content

The CDMRP cannot make allowances/exceptions to its policies for submission problems encountered by the applicant organization using system-to-system interfaces with Grants.gov.

Each application submission must include the completed full application package for this Program Announcement. The full application package is submitted by the Authorized Organizational Representative through Grants.gov (<https://www.grants.gov/>) for extramural organizations or through eBRAP (<https://ebrap.org/>) for intramural organizations. See Table 1 below for more specific guidelines.

II.D.2.b.i. Full Application Guidelines

Extramural organizations must submit full applications through Grants.gov. Applicants must create a Grants.gov Workspace for submission, which allows the application components to be completed online and routed through the applicant organization for review prior to submission. Applicants may choose to download and save individual PDF forms rather than filling out webforms in Workspace. A compatible version of Adobe Reader **must** be used to view, complete, and submit an application package consisting of PDF forms. If more than one person is entering text into an application package, the **same version** of Adobe Reader software should be used by each person. Check the version number of the Adobe software on each user’s computer to make sure the versions match. Using different versions of Adobe Reader may cause submission and/or save errors – even if each version is individually compatible with Grants.gov. Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III, and the “Apply For Grants” page of Grants.gov (<https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/apply-for-grants.html>) for further information about the Grants.gov Workspace submission process. Submissions of extramural applications through eBRAP may be withdrawn.

Table 1. Full Application Submission Guidelines

Extramural Submissions	Intramural DoD Submissions
Application Package Location	
Download application package components for W81XWH-19-PRMRP-DA from Grants.gov (https://www.grants.gov) and create a Grants.gov Workspace. Workspace allows online completion of the application components and routing of the application package through the applicant organization for review prior to submission.	Download application package components for W81XWH-19-PRMRP-DA from eBRAP (https://ebrap.org).
Full Application Package Components	
SF424 Research & Related Application for Federal Assistance Form: Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.1, for detailed information.	<p>Tab 1 – Summary: Provide a summary of the application information.</p> <p>Tab 2 – Application Contacts: This tab will be pre-populated by eBRAP; add Authorized Organizational Representative.</p>

Extramural Submissions	Intramural DoD Submissions
<p>Descriptions of each required file can be found under Full Application Submission Components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attachments • Research & Related Personal Data • Research & Related Senior/Key Person Profile (Expanded) • Research & Related Budget • Project/Performance Site Location(s) Form • Research & Related Subaward Budget Attachment(s) Form (if applicable) 	<p>Tab 3 – Full Application Files: Upload files under each Application Component in eBRAP. Descriptions of each required file can be found under Full Application Submission Components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attachments • Key Personnel • Budget • Performance Sites <p>Tab 4 – Application and Budget Data: Review and edit proposed project start date, proposed end date, and budget data pre-populated from the Budget Form.</p>
Application Package Submission	
<p>Create a Grants.gov Workspace. Add participants (investigators and Business Officials) to Workspace, complete all required forms, and check for errors before submission.</p> <p>Submit a Grants.gov Workspace Package. An application may be submitted through Workspace by clicking the “Sign and Submit” button on the “Manage Workspace” page, under the “Forms” tab. Grants.gov recommends submission of the application package at least 24-48 hours prior to the close date to allow time to correct any potential technical issues that may disrupt the application submission.</p> <p>Note: If either the Project Narrative or the budget fails eBRAP validation or if the Project Narrative or the budget needs to be modified, an updated Grants.gov application package must be submitted via Grants.gov as a “Changed/Corrected Application” with the previous Grants.gov Tracking ID <i>prior to</i> the application submission deadline.</p>	<p>Submit package components to eBRAP (https://ebrap.org).</p> <p>Tab 5 – Submit/Request Approval Full Application: After all components are uploaded and prior to the full application submission deadline, enter your password in the space provided next to “Enter Your Password Here” and press the “Submit Full Application” button. eBRAP will notify your Resource Manager/Comptroller/Task Area Manager or equivalent Business Official by email.</p>

Extramural Submissions	Intramural DoD Submissions
<u>Application Verification Period</u>	
<p>The full application package submitted to Grants.gov may be viewed and modified in eBRAP until the end of the application verification period. During the application verification period, the full application package may be modified <i>with the exception of the Project Narrative and Research & Related Budget Form</i>.</p>	<p>After eBRAP has processed the full application, the organizational Resource Manager/Comptroller/Task Area Manager or equivalent Business Official and PI will receive email notification of this status and will be able to view and modify application components in eBRAP. During the application verification period, the full application package may be modified <i>with the exception of the Project Narrative and Research & Related Budget Form</i>. Your Resource Manager/Comptroller/Task Area Manager or equivalent Business Official should log into eBRAP to review and to approve prior to the application verification deadline.</p>
Further Information	
<p>Tracking a Grants.gov Workspace Package. After successfully submitting a Workspace package, a Grants.gov Tracking Number is automatically assigned to the package. The number will be listed on the “Confirmation” page that is generated after submission. Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III, for further information regarding Grants.gov requirements.</p>	<p>Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section IV, for further information regarding eBRAP requirements.</p>

Both Extramural and Intramural Organizations: Application viewing, modification, and verification in eBRAP are strongly recommended, but not required. ***The Project Narrative and Research & Related Budget form cannot be changed after the application submission deadline.*** Prior to the full application deadline, a corrected or modified full application package may be submitted. Other application components may be changed until the end of the application verification period. Verify that subaward budget(s) and budget justification forms are present in eBRAP during the application verification period. If these components are missing, upload them to eBRAP before the end of the application verification period. After the end of the application verification period, the full application cannot be modified.

Reviewers will be blinded to the identity of the PI, collaborators, and their organization(s). Due to the blinded nature of the review process, identifying or making references to the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s) in the Project Narrative, Supporting Documentation, Technical and Lay Abstracts, Relevance to Military Health Statement, and Impact Statement is prohibited and will result in administrative rejection of the application. In addition, the use of

“I,” “we,” “our,” “this organization,” or similar phrases that refer to the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s) through the references listed, or the use of formatting (e.g., bolding, underlining, names in headers/footers), inclusion of citations to unpublished manuscripts, inclusion of URLs (uniform resource locators, or web addresses), or in any other way highlighting the names of the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s), is prohibited and will result in administrative rejection of the application and preclude invitation to submit a full application. A document describing common blinding mistakes to avoid can be found on the eBRAP “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>).

Although required, Research & Related Budget, Research & Related Subaward Budget Attachment(s) Form (if applicable), biographical sketch, previous/current/pending support, and Project/Performance Site Location(s) Form will not be forwarded for peer review or programmatic review. These documents will be used for administrative purposes only.

The full application package must be submitted using the unique eBRAP log number to avoid delays in application processing.

II.D.2.b.ii. Full Application Submission Components

- **Extramural Applications Only**

SF424 Research & Related Application for Federal Assistance Form: Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.1, for detailed information.

- **Extramural and Intramural Applications**

Attachments:

Each attachment to the full application components must be uploaded as an individual file in the format specified and in accordance with the formatting guidelines listed in the General Application Instructions, Appendix 4.

For all attachments, ensure that the file names are consistent with the guidance. Attachments will be rejected if the file names are longer than 50 characters or have incorrect file names that contain characters other than the following: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, underscore, hyphen, space, and period. In addition, there are file size limits that may apply in some circumstances. Individual attachments may not exceed 20 MB, and the file size for the entire full application package may not exceed 200 MB.

- **Attachment 1: Project Narrative (five-page limit): Upload as “ProjectNarrative.pdf”.** The page limit of the Project Narrative applies to text and non-text elements (e.g., figures, tables, graphs, photographs, diagrams, chemical structures, drawings) used to describe the project. Inclusion of URLs that provide additional information to expand the Project Narrative and could confer an unfair competitive advantage is prohibited and may result in administrative withdrawal of the application.

Describe the proposed project in detail using the outline below. Due to the blinded nature of the review process, ***do not include information that identifies the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s).***

- **Background:** Describe how the proposed research project addresses one or more of the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas. Present the ideas and reasoning behind the proposed work. Cite relevant literature. Inclusion of preliminary data is not required.
- **Hypothesis:** State the hypothesis to be tested.
- **Specific Aims:** Concisely explain the project’s specific aims and the objective(s) to be reached. If the proposed work is part of a larger study, present only aims that this DoD award would fund.
- **Research Strategy:** Describe the experimental design, methods, and analyses, including appropriate controls, in sufficient detail for scientific evaluation. If cell lines or animals are to be used, justify why the proposed cell line(s) or animal model(s) were chosen. If applicable, describe the statistical and other data analyses to be used to justify the number of research subjects (animal or human) and assess the data collected. Address potential problem areas and present alternative methods and approaches. ***Clinical trials are not allowed under the Discovery Award mechanism.***
- **Innovation:** Describe how the proposed research is innovative, including how it will provide new insights, technologies, or applications to the research field and/or patient care. Investigating the next logical step of an existing line of research or providing an incremental advance on published data is not considered innovative.
- **Attachment 2: Supporting Documentation: Combine and upload as a single file named “Support.pdf”.** Start each document on a new page. If documents are scanned to PDF, the lowest resolution (100 to 150 dpi) should be used. The Supporting Documentation attachment should not include additional information such as figures, tables, graphs, photographs, diagrams, chemical structures, or drawings. These items should be included in the Project Narrative.

There are no page limits for any of these components unless otherwise noted. Include only those components described below; inclusion of items not requested or viewed as an extension of the Project Narrative will result in the removal of those items or may result in administrative withdrawal of the application.

- **References Cited (10-citation limit):** List the references cited (including URLs, if available) in the Project Narrative using a standard reference format that includes the full citation (i.e., author[s], year published, title of reference, source of reference, volume, chapter, page numbers, and publisher, as appropriate). ***Do not include URLs that identify the PI, collaborator(s), or the organization(s) of the PI or collaborator(s).***

- List of Abbreviations, Acronyms, and Symbols: Provide a list of abbreviations, acronyms, and symbols. ***Do not include information that identifies the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s).***
- **Attachment 3: Technical Abstract (one-page limit): Upload as “TechAbs.pdf”.** The technical abstract is used by all reviewers. Abstracts of all funded research projects will be posted publicly. ***Do not include proprietary or confidential information.*** Use only characters available on a standard QWERTY keyboard. Spell out all Greek letters, other non-English letters, and symbols. Graphics are not allowed.

Clarity and completeness within the space limits of the technical abstract are highly important. Describe the proposed research project, including the following elements:

State the FY19 PRMRP Topic Area(s) addressed by the proposed research project. Clearly describe the proposed research, including the rationale, the hypothesis to be tested, the innovative aspects of the research, the study design, the expected results, and how the results will be used as a foundation for future research projects. ***Do not include information that identifies the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s).***

- **Attachment 4: Lay Abstract (one-page limit): Upload as “LayAbs.pdf”.** The lay abstract is used by all reviewers. Abstracts of all funded research projects will be posted publicly. ***Do not include proprietary or confidential information.*** Use only characters available on a standard QWERTY keyboard. Spell out all Greek letters, other non-English letters, and symbols. Graphics are not allowed.

State the FY19 PRMRP Topic Area(s) addressed by the proposed research project. Include an overview of the proposed research project that can be ***readily understood by readers without a background in science or medicine.*** Clearly describe the central critical problem or question to be addressed, the innovation of the idea, and the ultimate applicability and impact of the research. ***Do not duplicate the technical abstract. Do not include information that identifies the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s).***

- **Attachment 5: Statement of Work (three-page limit): Upload as “SOW.pdf”.** The suggested SOW format and examples specific to different types of research projects are available on the eBRAP “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>). For the Discovery Award mechanism, use the SOW format example titled “SOW (Statement of Work) Generic Format.” The SOW must be in PDF format prior to attaching.

The SOW should include a list of major tasks that support the proposed specific aims, followed by a series of subtasks outlined related to the major tasks and milestones within the period of performance. The SOW should describe only the work for which funding is being requested by this application and, as applicable, should also:

- Include the name(s) of the key personnel and contact information for each study site/subaward site.

- Indicate the number (and type, if applicable) of research subjects (animal or human) and/or human anatomical samples projected or required for each task and at each site. Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 1, for additional information regarding regulatory requirements.
- If applicable, indicate timelines required for regulatory approvals relevant to human or animal subjects research (e.g., IRB, IACUC, ORP, Investigational New Drug and Investigational Device Exemption applications) by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration or other Government agency.

The SOW will not be forwarded for peer or programmatic review.

- **Attachment 6: Impact Statement (one-page limit): Upload as “Impact.pdf”.**

Explain why the proposed research project is important and relevant to the FY19 PRMRP Topic Area(s) addressed. Describe the critical problem or question in the relevant Topic Area(s) that is addressed in the proposed research. If applicable, describe how the project addresses an FY19 PRMRP Area of Encouragement ([Appendix 2](#)). Outline the potential impact, either short-term or long-term, of the proposed research on the field of study and/or patient care. *Do not include information that identifies the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s).*

- **Attachment 7: Relevance to Military Health Statement (one-page limit): Upload as “MilRel.pdf”.** *Do not include information that identifies the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s).*

Describe how the proposed study is responsive to the healthcare needs of military Service members, Veterans, and/or beneficiaries. Provide information about the incidence and/or prevalence of the disease or condition in the general population as well as in military Service members, Veterans, and/or beneficiaries.

Describe the population(s) or dataset(s) without specific identifying information, that will be used in the proposed research project, the appropriateness of the population(s)/dataset(s) for the proposed study, and the feasibility of accessing the population(s)/dataset(s).

Provide a description of how the knowledge, information, products, or technologies gained from the research could be implemented in a dual-use capacity to benefit the civilian population that also addresses a need related to military health, as appropriate.

- **Attachment 8: Letters of Support: Start each document on a new page. Combine and upload as “Letters.pdf”.** Letters will not be forwarded for peer or programmatic review.
 - Letters of Organizational Support: Provide a letter (or letters, if applicable) signed by the Department Chair or appropriate organization official, confirming the laboratory space, equipment, and other resources available for the project. The letter should

reflect the availability of laboratory space, equipment, and other resources available for the project.

- Letters of Collaboration (if applicable): Provide a signed letter from each collaborating individual or organization that will demonstrate that the PI has the support or resources necessary for the proposed work.
 - **Attachment 9: Representations, if applicable (extramural submissions only): Upload as “RequiredReps.pdf”.** All extramural applicants must complete and submit the Required Representations template available on eBRAP (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>). For more information, see the General Application Instructions, Appendix 5, Section B, Representations.
 - **Attachment 10: DoD Military Budget Form(s), if applicable: Upload as “MFBudget.pdf”.** If a military facility (Military Health System facility, research laboratory, medical treatment facility, dental treatment facility, or a DoD activity embedded with a civilian medical center) will be a collaborator in performance of the project, complete the DoD Military Budget Form, available for download on the eBRAP “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>), including a budget justification, for each military facility as instructed. The costs per year should be included on the Grants.gov Research & Related Budget form under subaward costs. Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.8, for detailed information.
- **Extramural and Intramural Applications**

To evaluate compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 USC A§1681 et seq.), the DoD is collecting certain demographic and career information to be able to assess the success rates of women who are proposed for key roles in applications in science, technology, engineering, and/or mathematics (STEM) disciplines. To enable this assessment, each application must include the following forms completed as indicated.

Research & Related Personal Data: For extramural submissions (via Grants.gov), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.3, and for intramural submissions (via eBRAP), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section IV.A.2, for detailed information.

Research & Related Senior/Key Person Profile (Expanded): For extramural submissions (via Grants.gov), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.4, and for intramural submissions (via eBRAP), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section IV.A.3, for detailed information.

 - PI Biographical Sketch (five-page limit): Upload as “Biosketch_LastName.pdf”. The suggested biographical sketch format is available on the “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>) in eBRAP. The National Institutes of Health Biographical Sketch may also be used. All biographical sketches should be submitted in uneditable PDF format.

- PI Previous/Current/Pending Support (no page limit): Upload as “Support_LastName.pdf”.
- Key Personnel Biographical Sketches (five-page limit each): Upload as “Biosketch_LastName.pdf”.
- Key Personnel Previous/Current/Pending Support (no page limit): Upload as “Support_LastName.pdf”.

Research & Related Budget: For extramural submissions (via Grants.gov), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.5, and for intramural submissions (via eBRAP), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section IV.A.4, for detailed information.

Budget Justification (no page limit): Upload as “BudgetJustification.pdf”. The budget justification for the entire period of performance must be uploaded to the Research & Related Budget after completion of the budget for Period 1.

Project/Performance Site Location(s) Form: For extramural submissions (via Grants.gov), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.6, and for intramural submissions (via eBRAP), refer to the General Application Instructions, Section IV.A.5, for detailed information.

- **Extramural Applications Only**

Research & Related Subaward Budget Attachment(s) Form (if applicable): Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.7, for detailed information.

- **Extramural Subaward:** Complete the Research & Related Subaward Budget Form through Grants.gov. (Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.7, for detailed information.) Verify subaward budget(s) and budget justification forms are present in eBRAP during the application verification period. If these components are missing, upload them to eBRAP before the end of the application verification period.
- **Intramural DoD Collaborator(s):** Complete the DoD Military Budget Form and upload to Grants.gov attachment form as Attachment 10. (Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section IV.A.4, for detailed information.) Each Intramural DoD Collaborator should include costs per year on the Grants.gov Research & Related Budget form under subaward costs.

II.D.3. Dun and Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number and System for Award Management (SAM)

Applicant organizations and all sub-recipient organizations must have a DUNS number to submit applications to Grants.gov. The applicant organization must also be registered in the Entity Management functional area of the SAM with an “Active” status to submit applications through the Grants.gov portal. Verify the status of the applicant organization’s Entity registration in SAM well in advance of the application submission deadline. Allow several weeks to complete

the entire SAM registration process. If an applicant has not fully complied with the requirements at the time the Federal awarding agency is ready to make a Federal award, the Federal awarding agency may determine that the applicant is not qualified to receive a Federal award and use that determination as a basis for making a Federal award to another applicant. Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III, for further information regarding Grants.gov requirements.

II.D.4. Submission Dates and Times

All submission dates and times are indicated in [Section I, Overview of the Funding Opportunity](#). Pre-application and application submissions are required. The pre-application and application submission process should be started early to avoid missing deadlines. There are no grace periods. Failure to meet either of these deadlines will result in submission rejection.

Applicant Verification of Full Application Submission in eBRAP

Following retrieval and processing of the full application, eBRAP will notify the organizational representatives and PI by email to log into eBRAP to review, modify, and verify the full application submission. eBRAP will validate retrieved files against the specific Program Announcement requirements, and discrepancies will be noted in both the email and in the “Full Application Files” tab in eBRAP. eBRAP does not confirm the accuracy of file content. It is the applicant’s responsibility to review all application components and ensure proper ordering as specified in the Program Announcement. ***If either the Project Narrative or the budget fails eBRAP validation or needs to be modified, an updated full application package must be submitted prior to the application submission deadline.*** The Project Narrative and Budget Form cannot be changed after the application submission deadline.

Extramural Submission: The full application package submitted to Grants.gov may be viewed and modified in eBRAP until the end of the application verification period. During the application verification period, the full application package, ***with the exception of the Project Narrative and Budget Form***, may be modified.

Intramural DoD Submission: After eBRAP has processed the full application, the organizational Resource Manager/Comptroller/Task Area Manager or equivalent Business Official and PI will receive email notification of the status and will be able to view and modify application components in eBRAP. During the application verification period, the full application package, ***with the exception of the Project Narrative and Budget Form***, may be modified. The Resource Manager/Comptroller/Task Area Manager or equivalent Business Official should log into eBRAP to review and to approve the application package prior to the application verification deadline.

For All Submissions: Verify that subaward budget(s) with budget justification are present in eBRAP during the application verification period. If these components are missing, upload them to eBRAP before the end of the application verification period.

II.D.5. Funding Restrictions

The maximum period of performance is 2 years.

The anticipated direct costs budgeted for the entire period of performance will not exceed **\$200,000**. If indirect cost rates have been negotiated, indirect costs are to be budgeted in accordance with the organization's negotiated rate. No budget will be approved by the Government exceeding **\$200,000** in direct costs or using an indirect cost rate exceeding the organization's negotiated rate.

All direct and indirect costs of any subaward or contract must be included in the total direct costs of the primary award.

The applicant may request the entire maximum funding amount for a project that may have a period of performance less than the maximum **2** years.

For this award mechanism, direct costs may be requested for (not all-inclusive):

- Salary
- Research supplies
- Equipment
- Clinical research costs (clinical trials not allowed)
- Support for multidisciplinary collaborations, including travel
- Travel costs for one investigator to travel to one scientific/technical meeting per year.

Must not be requested for:

- Tuition

Awards made to extramural organizations will consist solely of assistance agreements (grants and/or cooperative agreements). For extramural awards with an intragovernmental component, direct transfer of funds from an extramural award recipient to a DoD or other Federal agency is not allowed except under very limited circumstances. Funding to intramural DoD and other Federal agencies will be managed through a direct funds transfer. Intramural applicants are responsible for coordinating through their agency's procedures the use of contractual or assistance funding awards or other appropriate agreements to support extramural collaborators.

Refer to the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.5, for budget regulations and instructions for the Research & Related Budget. ***For Federal agencies or organizations collaborating with Federal agencies, budget restrictions apply as are noted in the General Application Instructions, Section III.A.5.***

Funds to be obligated on any award resulting from this funding opportunity will be available for use for a limited time period based on the fiscal year of the funds. The time is considered when establishing the award's period of performance. It is anticipated that awards made from this FY19 funding opportunity will be funded with FY19 funds, which will expire for use on September 30, 2025.

II.D.6. Other Submission Requirements

Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 4, for detailed formatting guidelines.

II.E. Application Review Information

II.E.1. Criteria

II.E.1.a. Peer Review

To determine technical merit, all applications will be evaluated according to the following **scored criteria**, *where Innovation is the most significant scored criterion*, and the remaining scored criteria are of equal importance:

- **Innovation**
 - To what extent the proposed research will provide new insights, or new paradigms, or new technologies, or new applications with the potential to impact the research field and/or patient care.
 - To what extent the proposed research represents more than an incremental advance upon published data or more than the next logical step in a research project.
- **Research Strategy and Feasibility**
 - How well the scientific rationale supports the proposed research project and its feasibility.
 - How well the hypothesis, experimental design, methods, and analyses support the feasibility of completing the aims.
 - If preliminary data are included, how well they support the proposed research.
 - How well potential problems are identified and alternative approaches are addressed.
 - Whether the proposed research project can be completed within the proposed performance period.
- **Impact**
 - To what extent the proposed research project impacts an important scientific question relevant to at least one of the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas.
 - To what extent the research has the potential to generate preliminary data that can be used as a foundation for future research projects.
 - To what extent the proposed research has potential for impact, either short-term or long-term, on the field of study and/or patient care.

In addition, the following **unscored** criteria will also contribute to the overall evaluation of the application:

- **Application Presentation**

- To what extent the writing, clarity, and presentation of the application components influence the review.

II.E.1.b. Programmatic Review

To make funding recommendations and select the application(s) that, individually or collectively, will best achieve the program objectives, the following criteria are used by programmatic reviewers:

- Ratings and evaluations of the peer reviewers
- Relevance to the mission of the DHP and FY19 PRMRP, as evidenced by the following:
 - Adherence to the intent of the award mechanism
 - Relative innovation
 - Relative impact
 - Relevance to military health
 - Program portfolio composition

II.E.2. Application Review and Selection Process

All applications are evaluated by scientists, clinicians, and consumers in a two-tier review process. The first tier is **peer review**, the evaluation of applications against established criteria to determine technical merit, where each application is assessed for its own merit, independent of other applications. The second tier is **programmatic review**, a comparison-based process in which applications with high scientific and technical merit are further evaluated for programmatic relevance. Final recommendations for funding are made to the Commanding General, USAMRMC, on behalf of the DHA and the OASD(HA). ***The highest-scoring applications from the first tier of review are not automatically recommended for funding. Funding recommendations depend on various factors as described in [Section II.E.1.b, Programmatic Review](#).*** Additional information about the two-tier process used by the CDMRP can be found at <https://cdmrp.army.mil/about/2tierRevProcess>. A PI Information Paper describing the funding recommendations and review process for the award mechanisms for the PRMRP will be provided to the PI and posted on the CDMRP website. For this Program Announcement, reviewers at both tiers of review will be blinded to the identity of the PI, collaborator(s), and their organization(s).

All CDMRP review processes are conducted confidentially to maintain the integrity of the merit-based selection process. Panel members sign a statement declaring that application and

evaluation information will not be disclosed outside the panel. Violations of confidentiality can result in the dissolving of a panel(s) and other corrective actions. In addition, personnel at the applicant or collaborating organizations are prohibited from contacting persons involved in the review and approval process to gain protected evaluation information or to influence the evaluation process. Violations of these prohibitions will result in the administrative withdrawal of the organization's application. Violations by panel members or applicants that compromise the confidentiality of the review and approval process may also result in suspension or debarment from Federal awards. Furthermore, the unauthorized disclosure of confidential information of one party to another third party is a crime in accordance with 18 USC 1905.

II.E.3. Integrity and Performance Information

Prior to making an assistance agreement award where the Federal share is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in 2 CFR 200.88, over the period of performance, the Federal awarding agency is required to review and consider any information about the applicant that is available in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS).

An applicant organization may review FAPIIS, accessible through SAM, and submit comments to FAPIIS on any information about the organization that a Federal awarding agency previously entered and is currently available in FAPIIS.

The Federal awarding agency will consider any comments by the applicant, in addition to other information in the designated integrity and performance system, in making a judgment about the applicant's integrity, business ethics, and record of performance under Federal awards when determining a recipient's qualification prior to award, according to the qualification standards of the Department of Defense Grant and Agreement Regulations (DoDGARs), Section 22.415.

II.E.4. Anticipated Announcement and Federal Award Dates

All application review dates and times are indicated in [Section I, Overview of the Funding Opportunity](#).

Each PI and organization will receive email notification of posting of the funding recommendation in eBRAP. Each PI will receive a peer review summary statement on the strengths and weaknesses of the application.

II.F. Federal Award Administration Information

II.F.1. Federal Award Notices

Awards supported with FY19 funds are anticipated to be made no later than September 30, 2020. Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 2, for additional award administration information.

After email notification of application review results through eBRAP, and if selected for funding, a representative from USAMRAA will contact the Business Official authorized to negotiate on behalf of the PI's organization.

Only an appointed USAMRAA Grants Officer may obligate the Government to the expenditure of funds. No commitment on the part of the Government should be inferred from discussions with any other individual. **The award document signed by the Grants Officer is the official authorizing document.**

Federal Government Organizations: Funding made to Federal Government organizations (to include intramural DoD organizations) will be executed through the Military Interdepartmental Purchase Request (MIPR) or Funding Authorization Document (FAD) process. Transfer of funds is contingent upon appropriate safety and administrative approvals. Intramural applicants and collaborators are reminded to coordinate receipt and commitment of funds through their respective Resource Manager/Task Area Manager/Comptroller or equivalent Business Official.

After email notification of application review results through eBRAP, and if selected for funding, a representative from the CDMRP will contact the Business Official authorized to negotiate on behalf of the PI's organization.

II.F.1.a. PI Changes and Award Transfers

Changes in PI and an organizational transfer of an award are discouraged and will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and only allowed at the discretion of the USAMRAA Grants Officer. An organizational transfer of an award will not be allowed in the last year of the (original) period of performance or any extension thereof.

Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 2, Section B, for general information on organization or PI changes.

II.F.2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

Applicable requirements in the DoDGARs found in 32 CFR, Chapter I, Subchapter C, and 2 CFR, Chapter XI, apply to grants and cooperative agreements resulting from this Program Announcement.

Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 2, for general information regarding administrative requirements.

Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 5, for general information regarding national policy requirements.

Refer to full text of the latest [DoD R&D General Terms and Conditions](#), the [USAMRAA General Research Terms and Conditions with Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals, and Non-Profit Organizations](#); Addendum to the DoD R&D General Terms and Conditions and the [USAMRAA General Research Terms and Conditions with For-Profit Organizations](#) for further information.

II.F.3. Reporting

Refer to the General Application Instructions, Appendix 2, Section A, for general information on reporting requirements. *If there are technical reporting requirement delinquencies for any existing USAMRAA-sponsored awards at the applicant organization, no new awards will be issued to the applicant organization until all delinquent reports have been submitted.*

Annual progress reports as well as a final progress report will be required.

In addition to written progress reports, annual Award Charts will be required. For the Discovery Award mechanism, use the format example “Award Chart” available on the eBRAP “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>).

Award Expiration Transition Plan: An Award Expiration Transition Plan must be submitted with the final progress report. Use the one-page template “Award Expiration Transition Plan” available on the eBRAP “Funding Opportunities & Forms” web page (<https://ebrap.org/eBRAP/public/Program.htm>) under the “Progress Report Formats” section. The Award Expiration Transition Plan must outline if and how the research supported by this award will progress and must include source(s) of funding, either known or pending.

Awards resulting from this Program Announcement will incorporate additional reporting requirements related to recipient integrity and performance matters. Recipient organizations that have Federal contract, grant, and cooperative agreement awards with a cumulative total value greater than \$10,000,000 are required to provide information to FAPIIS about certain civil, criminal, and administrative proceedings that reached final disposition within the most recent 5-year period and that were connected with performance of a Federal award. Recipients are required to disclose, semiannually, information about criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings as specified in the applicable Representations (see General Application Instructions, Appendix 5, Section B).

II.G. Federal Awarding Agency Contacts

II.G.1. CDMRP Help Desk

Questions related to Program Announcement content or submission requirements as well as questions related to the pre-application or intramural application submission through eBRAP should be directed to the CDMRP Help Desk, which is available Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. ET. Response times may vary depending upon the volume of inquiries.

Phone: 301-682-5507

Email: help@eBRAP.org

II.G.2. Grants.gov Contact Center

Questions related to extramural application submission through Grants.gov portal should be directed to the Grants.gov Contact Center, which is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

(closed on U.S. Federal holidays). Note that the CDMRP Help Desk is unable to provide technical assistance with Grants.gov submission.

Phone: 800-518-4726; International 1-606-545-5035

Email: support@grants.gov

Sign up on Grants.gov for “send me change notification emails” by following the link on the “Synopsis” page for the Program Announcement or by responding to the prompt provided by Grants.gov when first downloading the Grants.gov application package. If the Grants.gov application package is updated or changed, the original version of the application package may not be accepted by Grants.gov.

II.H. Other Information

II.H.1. Program Announcement and General Application Instructions Versions

Questions related to this Program Announcement should refer to the Program name, the Program Announcement name, and the Program Announcement version code 20181120a. The Program Announcement numeric version code will match the General Applications Instructions version code 20181120.

II.H.2. Administrative Actions

After receipt of applications, the following administrative actions may occur:

II.H.2.a. Rejection

The following will result in administrative rejection of the application:

- Pre-application was not submitted.
- Project Narrative exceeds page limit.
- Project Narrative is missing.
- Budget is missing.
- The PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s) are identified or referenced in the Project Narrative, Supporting Documentation, Technical or Lay Abstracts, Relevance to Military Health Statement, or Impact Statement.
- Use of “I,” “we,” “our,” “this organization,” or similar phrases that refer to the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s) through the references listed, or the use of formatting (e.g., bolding, underlining, names in headers/footers), inclusion of citations to unpublished manuscripts, or in any other way highlighting (and therefore revealing) the names of the PI, collaborator(s), or their organization(s).

II.H.2.b. Modification

- Pages exceeding the specific limits will be removed prior to review for all documents other than the Project Narrative.
- Documents not requested will be removed.

II.H.2.c. Withdrawal

The following may result in administrative withdrawal of the application:

- An FY19 PRMRP Programmatic Panel member is named as being involved in the research proposed or is found to have assisted in the pre-application or application processes including, but not limited to, concept design, application development, budget preparation, and the development of any supporting documentation. *A list of the FY19 PRMRP Programmatic Panel members can be found at <https://cdmrp.army.mil/prmrp/panels/panels19>.*
- The application fails to conform to this Program Announcement description.
- Inclusion of URLs, with the exception of links in References Cited and Publication and/or Patent Abstract sections.
- Page size is larger than 8.5 inches x 11.0 inches (approximately 21.59 cm x 27.94 cm).
- To preserve the integrity of its peer and programmatic review processes, the CDMRP discourages inclusion of any employee of its review contractors having any role in the preparation, research or other duties for submitted applications. For FY19, the identities of the peer review contractor and the programmatic review contractor may be found at the CDMRP website (<http://cdmrp.army.mil/about/2tierRevProcess>). Applications that include names of personnel from either of these companies may be administratively withdrawn.
- Personnel from applicant or collaborating organizations are found to have contacted persons involved in the review or approval process to gain protected evaluation information or to influence the evaluation process.
- Applications from extramural organizations, including non-DoD Federal agencies, received through eBRAP may be withdrawn.
- Applications submitted by an intramural DoD organization may be withdrawn if the intramural organization cannot coordinate the use of contractual, assistance, or other appropriate agreements to provide funds to extramural collaborators.
- The proposed research project does not address at least one of the Congressionally directed FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas.

- Submission of the same research project to different funding opportunities within the FY19 PRMRP. Refer to [Section II.D, Application and Submission Information](#), for exceptions.
- A clinical trial is proposed.

II.H.2.d. Withhold

Applications that appear to involve research misconduct will be administratively withheld from further consideration pending organizational investigation. The organization will be required to provide the findings of the investigation to the USAMRAA Grants Officer for a determination of the final disposition of the application.

II.H.3. Application Submission Checklist

Application Components	Action	Completed
SF424 Research & Related Application for Federal Assistance (Extramural submissions only)	Complete form as instructed	
Summary (Tab 1) and Application Contacts (Tab 2) (Intramural submissions only)	Complete tabs as instructed	
Attachments	Project Narrative: Upload as Attachment 1 with file name "ProjectNarrative.pdf"	
	Supporting Documentation: Upload as Attachment 2 with file name "Support.pdf"	
	Technical Abstract: Upload as Attachment 3 with file name "TechAbs.pdf"	
	Lay Abstract: Upload as Attachment 4 with file name "LayAbs.pdf"	
	Statement of Work: Upload as Attachment 5 with file name "SOW.pdf"	
	Impact Statement: Upload as Attachment 6 with file name "Impact.pdf"	
	Relevance to Military Health Statement: Upload as Attachment 7 with file name "MilRel.pdf"	
	Letters of Support: Upload as Attachment 8 with file name "Letters.pdf"	
	Representations (Extramural submissions only): Upload as Attachment 9 with file name "RequiredReps.pdf" if applicable	
	DoD Military Budget Form(s): Upload as Attachment 10 with file name "MFBudget.pdf" if applicable	
Research & Related Personal Data	Complete form as instructed	
Research & Related Senior/Key Person Profile (Expanded)	Attach PI Biographical Sketch (Biosketch_LastName.pdf) to the appropriate field	
	Attach PI Previous/Current/Pending Support (Support_LastName.pdf) to the appropriate field	
	Attach Biographical Sketch (Biosketch_LastName.pdf) for each senior/key person to the appropriate field	

Application Components	Action	Completed
	Attach Previous/Current/Pending (Support_LastName.pdf) for each senior/key person to the appropriate field	
Research & Related Budget (Extramural submissions only)	Complete as instructed. Attach Budget Justification (BudgetJustification.pdf) to the appropriate field	
Budget (Intramural submissions only)	Complete the DoD Military Budget Form and justification	
Project/Performance Site Location(s) Form	Complete form as instructed	
Research & Related Subaward Budget Attachment(s) Form, if applicable	Complete form as instructed	

APPENDIX 1: ACRONYM LIST

ACURO	Animal Care and Use Review Office
B	Billion
CDMRP	Congressionally Directed Medical Research Programs
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
COI	Conflict of Interest
DHA	Defense Health Agency
DHP	Defense Health Program
DoD	Department of Defense
DoDGARs	Department of Defense Grant and Agreement Regulations
DUNS	Data Universal Numbering System
eBRAP	Electronic Biomedical Research Application Portal
EC	Ethics Committee
ET	Eastern Time
FAD	Funding Authorization Document
FAPIIS	Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System
FY	Fiscal Year
HRPO	Human Research Protection Office
IACUC	Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee
IRB	Institutional Review Board
LOI	Letter of Intent
M	Million
MIPR	Military Interdepartmental Purchase Request
OASD(HA)	Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs
ORCID	Open Researcher and Contributor ID, Inc.
ORP	Office of Research Protections
PI	Principal Investigator
PRMRP	Peer Reviewed Medical Research Program
RDT&E	Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation
SAM	System for Award Management
SOW	Statement of Work
STEM	Science, Technology, Engineering, and/or Mathematics
USAMRAA	U.S. Army Medical Research Acquisition Activity
USAMRMC	U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command
USC	United States Code
VA	Department of Veterans Affairs

APPENDIX 2: AREAS OF ENCOURAGEMENT

Applications addressing any of the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas are of interest to the program. ***Any aspect of research relevant to one or more FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas may be considered for funding.*** Areas of encouragement related to each FY19 PRMRP Topic Area have been identified by the DoD, VA, and other relevant stakeholders and are listed below under each Topic Area. Applicants are urged to read and consider these areas of encouragement before preparing their applications. ***The information provided is not exhaustive, and applicants are not restricted to submitting applications that address an area of encouragement in this list.***

Acute Lung Injury

- Research on the etiology and prevention of acute lung injury (ALI)/acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) caused by host responses to trauma, transfusion, burns, infection, hemorrhagic shock, inhalation, and/or oxygen exposure.
- Novel and/or innovative detection technologies or therapeutics to reduce the incidence and/or severity of ALI/ARDS and/or other lung injury secondary to trauma, transfusion, infection, burns, hemorrhagic shock, inhalation, and/or oxygen exposure.
- Strategies to stabilize and support the safe transport of patients with ALI/ARDS in order to optimize therapeutic interventions, particularly in operational scenarios requiring prolonged field care and/or longer transport times.
- Development of metrics to associate the long-term health outcomes of ALI/ARDS with physiological and physical performance.

Antimicrobial Resistance

- Development of novel and/or innovative interventions to prevent the spread of or treat infections from multi-drug-resistant organisms, focused on hardware-associated infections and biofilms.
- Development and/or testing of new diagnostics to distinguish between viral and bacterial infectious diseases that will inform treatment and limit the spread of antibiotic resistance.
- Development and evaluation of strategies to support healthy gut microbiome (such as prebiotics, probiotics, colostrum, vaccines, and small molecules) to slow emergence of antibiotic-resistant organisms that cause infectious diarrhea in training or deployment settings.
- Development of rapid diagnostics platforms to identify and characterize new pathogen-specific, drug resistance markers that can be used in austere settings and during prolonged field care (e.g., “omic” and systems biology approaches).
- Development of gene-editing tools (e.g., designer nucleases) that optimize treatment and raise the threshold for resistance to anti-infective agents.

Arthritis (other than Rheumatoid Arthritis or Post-Traumatic Osteoarthritis)

- Research quantifying the impacts of obesity, weight loss, physical fitness (all components, e.g., cardiovascular, strength, flexibility, balance), and dietary factors on the development of or prevention/risk reduction of arthritis.
- Studies to examine the use of regenerative medicine techniques and therapies (including cell-based therapies) to prevent or treat osteoarthritis, including dose-response information and the frequency and timing of application.
- Basic and translational research to identify treatments to mitigate and/or reverse osteoarthritis, particularly in the knee, hip, ankle, and shoulder.
- Identification and/or validation of biomarkers for early psoriatic arthritis.
- Research to establish activity recommendations for maximal joint life following joint repair, particularly in young patient populations.

Burn Pit Exposure

- Research on the etiology and treatment of adverse health events related to military deployment to Iraq and Afghanistan that are associated with exposure to airborne hazards and open pit burning of solid waste and other materials.
- Toxicological studies to characterize emissions from open air burns, burn boxes, and incinerators, and to ascertain the toxicity and mechanisms of action of such chemicals and airborne environmental dust and mixtures, as well as interactions among pollutants and particulate materials.
- Identification and validation of biomarkers of both exposure to and health effects of burn pit combustion products, burning biomass and refuse, and geogenic dusts.
- Development and validation of instruments for assessing (including in real time) levels of exposure to airborne hazards for use in research and for occupational and environmental exposure monitoring.

Cardiomyopathy

- Development of novel therapeutic approaches for primary and secondary cardiomyopathies.
- Strategies to identify risk factors associated with the development of cardiomyopathy (i.e., genetic, lifestyle, exposure) in the civilian and/or military populations.
- Research to improve the understanding of the pathophysiology of cardiomyopathies.
- Improvement of noninvasive diagnostic techniques for primary and secondary cardiomyopathies.

- Research on the multiple etiologies of cardiomyopathy (e.g., hypertension, ischemia, hemochromatosis, sleep apnea, radiation therapy, medications, smallpox vaccine, infections).

Cerebellar Ataxia

- Research to identify therapeutic targets and novel therapeutic modalities including gene silencing/gene editing.
- Research to improve the understanding of the causes of cerebellar ataxia.
- Research to improve the understanding of the association between lifestyle, environment, nutrition, and cerebellar ataxia.
- Research to better understand the role of physical rehabilitation/exercise in affecting postural disorders, balance, and coordination in cerebellar ataxia patients.

Chronic Migraine and Post-Traumatic Headache

- Precision medicine research to investigate, develop, and validate biomarkers to diagnose and monitor traumatic brain injury patients with chronic migraine or post-traumatic headache and to characterize individual responses to treatment.
- Epidemiological/natural history studies to characterize specific types of post-traumatic headache and chronic migraine, the pathobiology of these headaches (such as the role of acute cortical spreading depression after injury as a risk factor for chronic headaches of a migrainous type), and the risk factors that might predispose people to certain types of post-traumatic headache and chronic migraine.
- Research on the optimal approaches to effective management of acute and chronic pain and co-occurring psychological health disorders for chronic migraine and post-traumatic headache with a focus on assessing and eliminating adverse outcomes and decreasing polypharmacy.
- Evaluation of the efficacy of existing or emerging pharmaceutical interventions (non-opioid), as well as evaluation of mechanical stimulation and/or other non-pharmaceutical interventions, for the treatment of chronic migraine and post-traumatic headache.
- Evaluation of the differences in etiology, diagnosis, treatment plan, and prevention of migraine headaches between men and women.

Congenital Heart Disease

- Development of approaches, including regenerative medicine, that provide structural support, restore native activity, allow for tissue growth, and prevent the need for reoperation.
- Research to improve understanding of the causes of congenital heart defects, including genomic, proteomic, and metabolomic profiling.

- Research to design and implement disease-in-a-dish and/or microfluidic models with an established phenotype to increase the efficacy of finding novel and/or innovative drug targets, screen existing drugs, perform cardiotoxicity testing, and/or uncover pathogenesis.
- Research both on the risk of neurologic injury and on enhanced neuroprotection before, during, and after surgery for congenital heart disease.
- Population-based and outcomes-based research to assess the health outcomes of individuals with congenital heart disease across their life spans.

Constrictive Bronchiolitis

- Research to understand the role of occupational and environmental exposures, including military relevant volatile compounds, toxic industrial chemicals/materials in dense urban environments, and airborne particulates, such as mineral and soil dusts, in the etiology of constrictive bronchiolitis.
- Research to determine the prevalence and severity of constrictive bronchiolitis and related respiratory diseases in previously deployed military Service members and/or Veterans.
- Development and testing of minimally invasive or non-invasive approaches for diagnosing constrictive bronchiolitis.
- Research to develop novel and/or innovative therapeutics to modify the progression of constrictive bronchiolitis.
- Development and/or validation of animal models for understanding mechanisms and etiology of constrictive bronchiolitis.

Diabetes

- Research to better understand the heterogeneity of diabetes including the identification of novel biomarkers.
- Identification and/or evaluation of interventions to reduce the development of diabetes among individuals meeting the clinical criteria for pre-diabetes.
- Research on interventions to prevent or treat diabetes complications, including diabetic retinopathy, nephropathy, neuropathy, cardiomyopathy, and impaired wound healing.
- Research on the transplantation of allogenic or autologous pancreatic islet cells for long-term natural insulin production, including current good laboratory/clinical/manufacturing practices (as needed) for cell line development.
- Research to design and implement disease-in-a-dish and/or microfluidic models to model pancreatic islets to uncover pathogenesis and improve the efficiency of drug discovery.

Dystonia

- Research to improve identification of delayed onset dystonia following traumatic brain injury.
- Research on interventions to prevent, slow the progression of, or treat dystonia.
- Studies into the natural history, genetics, and/or neurobiology of dystonia.
- Research to identify the relationship between specific molecular/genetic changes and circuitry/network alterations in dystonia.
- Identification and development of novel research tools (such as cellular models, phenotypic models, etc.) to aid dystonia research.

Eating Disorders

- Investigations into the prevalence, diagnosis, and treatment patterns of eating disorders in Service members and their families, including potential relationships with military-unique behaviors or conditions.
- Assessment of patterns of comorbidity between eating disorders and other mental health conditions, including an examination of whether eating disorders are more likely to precede or follow the development of other mental health conditions.
- Studies to identify the most effective treatments (and order of treatment) for patients with an eating disorder and a comorbid disorder.
- Research to advance the understanding of the biological, genetic, lifestyle, and environmental factors that influence eating disorders.
- Studies to elucidate and/or mitigate risk factors for the onset or recurrence of eating disorders, including social influences.

Emerging Infectious Diseases

- Surveillance and predictive modeling tools that leverage artificial intelligence approaches to predict outbreaks and epidemics and support strategies for mitigating the threat of emerging infectious diseases (e.g., dengue, malaria, Hanta).
- Research and development of in silico and/or in vitro tools to assess product manufacturability/developability, efficacy, and toxicity, such as cells-on-a-chip and 3D tissue modeling, to support development of medical countermeasures.
- Development of a wearable sensor that provides real-time diagnostics of naturally occurring infectious diseases to predict illness before onset of symptoms.
- Rapid prediction of protective antigens/epitopes and testable correlates of protection on emerging or novel pathogens.

- Development of highly sensitive diagnostic system for use at the point of need that provides early diagnosis of infection prior to the onset of classical symptoms.
- Research, development, and validation of animal models for the study of infectious diseases that clearly show the pathophysiological mechanism of the disease and provide translational data to advance drug products to human clinical trial.
- Development of risk assessment strategies for vector-borne diseases and novel interventions for vector control, including but not limited to novel insecticides, larvicide applications, and barrier methods.

Epidermolysis Bullosa

- Research, including clinical trials, focused on therapeutics (topical or systemic) or dressings that enhance wound healing in inherited epidermolysis bullosa.
- Development of novel therapeutics to reduce epidermolysis bullosa symptoms, improve quality of life, or lead to a cure.
- Research to provide further insight into those cellular pathways that promote the development of squamous cell carcinomas in recessive dystrophic and junctional epidermolysis bullosa.
- Research, including randomized controlled clinical trials, focused on systemic drugs that prevent, delay the onset, or modify the aggressiveness of squamous cell carcinoma in patients with recessive dystrophic and junctional epidermolysis bullosa.

Focal Segmental Glomerulosclerosis

- Research to improve understanding of the causes of primary and/or secondary focal segmental glomerulosclerosis (especially genetic mutations).
- Development of non-invasive methods to diagnose focal segmental glomerulosclerosis and its variants.
- Development of a curative therapy or treatments to delay or halt the progression of focal segmental glomerulosclerosis and/or prevent post-transplantation recurrence.
- Research to determine the efficacy of medications used off-label (outside the FDA-approved indication) to treat focal segmental glomerulosclerosis.

Frontotemporal Degeneration

- Basic research to establish in vivo and in vitro models for disease pathology, behavioral/cognitive symptoms, and motor dysfunction.
- Research to understand the neurological basis of deficits in social cognition and emotional regulation.

- Research to improve diagnostics of and/or prognostics for frontotemporal degeneration.
- Research to identify risk factors (e.g., gene networks, environmental factors, and family history of dementia).
- Development of evidence-based non-pharmacological and/or pharmacological treatments for frontotemporal degeneration and associated symptoms.

Guillain-Barré Syndrome

- Development of a rapid diagnostic test for Guillain-Barré syndrome.
- Research on the immune system cell types and molecular mechanisms responsible for the pathology of Guillain-Barré syndrome.
- Research to elucidate the characteristics of various exposures (e.g., viruses, bacteria, vaccinations, surgery, trauma) associated with Guillain-Barré syndrome and their effects on the immune system.
- Research to prevent or reduce the effects of residual weakness, relapse of muscle weakness, and other neurological and psychological symptoms of Guillain-Barré syndrome to improve patients' quality of life and increase their independence.
- Development of new treatments and refinement of existing treatments for Guillain-Barré syndrome.

Hemorrhage Control

- Development of new and innovative capabilities to stop non-compressible intracavitary hemorrhage and improved technologies to stop junctional and pelvic bleeding in pre-hospital environments.
- Development of innovative damage control resuscitation and damage control surgical capabilities.
- Research on strategies for early (e.g., pre-hospital) detection (especially internal bleeding) and treatment for hemorrhage, coagulopathy of trauma, and hemodynamic decompensation/hypovolemic shock.
- Research on novel or engineered blood products that offer physiological, logistical, or cost advantages over current products. Proposals for HBOCs should address nitric oxide scavenging.
- Research on adjunctive pharmacological solutions for hemorrhage, shock, coagulopathy, transfusion, and/or the stabilization of polytrauma, with attention to contraindications and/or impact on TBI.

- Research to evaluate the effects of current combat blood product transfusion guidelines on immunological status and clinical outcomes.

Hepatitis B

- Identification and reduction of hepatitis B in blood products for transfusion.
- Research on strategies to reduce vertical (mother-to-child) transmission of hepatitis B.
- Development of strategies for reliable, non-invasive, early detection of hepatitis-related liver disease and hepatocellular carcinoma.
- Research on strategies to promote reversal of liver fibrosis and/or assess the associated clinical and pathological outcomes.
- Clinical studies to evaluate combination or curative therapies for treatment of hepatitis B infection.

Hereditary Angioedema

- Research toward the development of a cure for hereditary angioedema.
- Development and/or validation of novel and/or innovative therapeutic strategies for the treatment and/or prevention of hereditary angioedema attacks.
- Research to improve early diagnosis of hereditary angioedema.
- Evaluation of existing, innovative, or novel therapeutics in pediatric hereditary angioedema patients.

Hydrocephalus

- Research on the etiology, prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of post-traumatic hydrocephalus.
- Discovery or validation of novel and/or innovative therapies and therapeutic targets for the treatment of hydrocephalus and its sequelae, including therapies directed at myelin regeneration and repair.
- Development or validation of biomarkers and imaging techniques, particularly multimodal approaches, to aid in diagnosis, prognosis, and monitoring of therapeutic efficacy.
- Research on the prevention of shunt failure or the development of novel shunt technologies.
- Development or validation of improved hydrocephalus model systems.

Immunomonitoring of Intestinal Transplants

- Studies to elucidate the role of the mucosal immune system, humoral, innate, and adaptive cellular immunity, other host-derived factors, or gut microbiota-derived factors in maintaining intestinal transplant viability and improving outcomes.
- Development and evaluation of evidence-based intestinal transplant strategies that focus on dampening the immune response against intestinal transplants or circumvent the induction of immunity against the transplant.
- Development and evaluation of implant-associated materials (e.g., scaffolds) with anti-inflammatory properties that protect the intestinal transplant from immune attack.
- Development and evaluation of strategies for inducing and maintaining populations of anti-inflammatory regulatory immune cell populations at the transplant site.
- Studies to improve immunomonitoring of recipient immune responses after intestinal transplantation, with a focus on prospective leukocyte profiling, to aid in diagnosis and treatment of immunological and immunosuppression-related complications.
- Development and/or validation of precise, real-time implanted monitoring devices to improve individualized patient outcomes after intestinal transplantation.

Inflammatory Bowel Diseases

- Studies directed toward understanding how acute enteric infections may trigger chronic inflammatory bowel diseases.
- Studies that leverage genomic, microbiomic, immunological, and systems biology approaches to prevent inflammatory bowel disease (especially inflammatory bowel diseases associated with acute enteric infection).
- Studies to understand the interaction between acute/chronic stress and infection and their influence on inflammatory bowel diseases.
- Research to better characterize the association between the use of drugs, such as isotretinoin and long-term doxycycline, and the development of inflammatory bowel diseases.
- Research on the role of diet in the development and progression of inflammatory bowel diseases.
- Research on treatment strategies for patients with inflammatory bowel diseases to include, but not limited to, rebalancing the microbiome, pre- and probiotics use or colostrum products, including those who are refractory to standard care.

Interstitial Cystitis

- Studies that define the risk, prevalence, and operational impact of interstitial cystitis among active duty personnel.
- Identification and validation of biomarkers for making a definitive diagnosis of interstitial cystitis.
- Evaluation and assessment of novel and/or innovative treatment options for interstitial cystitis patients, including intravesical therapy.
- Research on the etiology and pathogenesis of interstitial cystitis to inform targeted therapy development.

Lung Injury

- Studies to identify the prevalence and associated morbidity and mortality of blast overpressure lung injury.
- Development of improved methods for assessing lung injury due to exposure to chemical or physical (e.g., radiation) hazards and materials in occupational, operational, and training environments to improve surveillance, diagnosis, and prognosis.
- Development of improved methods for monitoring pulmonary exposure to chemical or physical agents that might cause lung injury.
- Identification of pre-existing conditions that predispose an individual's susceptibility to lung injury resulting from environmental exposures (i.e., genetic predisposition).
- Development of novel preventive techniques, detection technologies, and therapeutics to reduce the incidence and/or severity of lung injury.

Metals Toxicology

- Identification and validation of biomarkers to evaluate military Service members' acute exposure to toxic metals in an operational environment and predict potential consequent health risks and associated health outcomes.
- Retrospective studies to evaluate risks and exposure to military-relevant toxic metals among workers at industrial facilities.
- Research on the toxicity of metal combinations and the interaction between different metal components.
- Research on the toxicity of metal-based engineered nanomaterials, including those used in military applications.
- Development of microsurgical techniques to remove embedded toxic metals.

Mitochondrial Disease

- Identification and testing of non-invasive techniques and biomarkers to monitor mitochondrial function, aid in clinical diagnosis, and/or evaluate therapeutic efficacy.
- Development of improved tools and animal models to study primary mitochondrial diseases and evaluate therapeutics.
- Research to better understand the pathology of primary mitochondrial diseases.
- Development of tools and methodologies to assess mitochondrial heteroplasmy on a cellular, tissue, and organ level.
- Research on novel and/or innovative treatments to alleviate symptoms or slow down the progression of mitochondrial diseases.

Musculoskeletal Disorders

- Research on computational models that provide personalized, actionable information regarding the physical resilience of the musculoskeletal system for the prevention and treatment of musculoskeletal disorders such as load carriage capability, effectiveness of physical training and treatments, and effective use of exoskeleton technology.
- Development and/or validation of metrics (clinical-based measures/tools and field-based measures/tools) to inform readiness and/or return-to-duty/work decision making following the management, treatment, and rehabilitation of musculoskeletal disorders.
- Research to increase understanding and to improve diagnosis, prevention, and/or treatment of chronic overuse musculoskeletal disorders.
- Research on back pain treatment and/or management strategies to prevent surgery and recurrence of symptoms, identify factors that predict optimal treatment response for different patients, and encourage self-management.

Myotonic Dystrophy

- Research on the role of epigenetic factors in the onset, progression, and/or severity of myotonic dystrophy in relevant animal models or patients.
- Research into the mechanisms of expanded CTG or CCTG repeat instability in somatic or germ line cells in myotonic dystrophy.
- Identification of biomarkers that can be detected through minimally invasive means to signal early changes in the progression of myotonic dystrophy.
- Development and/or testing of novel and/or innovative treatments, including those utilizing gene editing or silencing.

- Clinical research into the natural history of myotonic dystrophy, to understand disease progression and develop/validate clinical trial endpoint measures across the multiple organ systems involved in the disease.

Nanomaterials for Bone Regeneration

- Research on nanomaterials that stimulate vascularization and new bone growth.
- Research on nanomaterials-based methods to facilitate recruitment of endogenous cell populations for enhanced bone regeneration and osseointegration.
- Development of nanomaterial-based technologies addressing segmental/large bone defects in craniomaxillofacial and/or load-bearing regions.
- Development of nanomaterials for controlled release/extended release of growth factors for bone regeneration.
- Development of nanomaterial-based technologies that repair the soft tissue envelope to enhance bone regeneration.

Nutrition Optimization

- Development and/or validation of nutrition-based strategies that mitigate the consequences of stressors, especially on Service member health, readiness, and performance.
- Development of prolonged nutrition care using oral and/or intravenous approaches including precision nutrition care following injury or illness.
- Research on the impact of the use of dietary supplements (e.g., vitamins, probiotics, protein powders) on the physical and/or cognitive performance, including the readiness of military Service members.
- Development and/or validation of improved nutrition strategies for physical and/or cognitive performance enhancement and sustainment in operational environments and efforts to optimize nutrition in resource-limited settings.
- Research to develop strategies to apply metabolomics to optimize individual nutrition and the development of tools or devices to monitor nutritional intake at an individual level.

Pancreatitis

- Development and testing of novel and/or innovative therapeutics for acute and/or chronic pancreatitis.
- Research on the basic biology and physiology of the pancreas to better understand the etiology and pathology of pancreatitis.
- Research to improve understanding and management of complications of pancreatitis.

Pathogen-Inactivated Blood Products

- Research on lyophilization of pathogen-reduced/-inactivated blood products and derivatives (platelets, plasma, red cells, cryoprecipitate, coagulation factors, etc.).
- Development and advancement of technologies to improve the safety of blood products to include pathogen reduction/inactivation in whole blood for military/civilian blood donor centers and blood banks that meet the requirements for FDA licensure in support of domestic and global contingency/combat operations.
- Expansion and validation of the library of blood-borne pathogens that are reduced/inactivated to include emerging pathogens, genetically modified pathogens, and pathogens designed for biological warfare.
- Advancement in pathogen reduction technology to further improve the log-kill reduction for blood-borne pathogens (e.g., Hepatitis B, Korean Hemorrhagic Fever virus, Bunyan virus, HIV, Rift Valley Fever, Malaria, Babesia, Ebola, West Nile virus, Dengue, Chikungunya, Zika virus).
- Research studies, including clinical trials, to further characterize the effects of pathogen reduction technologies in blood products (e.g., whole blood, platelets, plasma, cryoprecipitate).
- Development and validation of next-generation technologies and/or devices to reduce the production time for pathogen reduction/inactivation in whole blood.

Polycystic Kidney Disease

- Development of improved treatment strategies for polycystic kidney disease, including approaches to identify and monitor patients at higher risk for progressing to end-stage renal disease.
- Research on the underlying pathobiology and molecular mechanisms of polycystic kidney disease, including studies of genetic factors, cyst formation and growth, the role of cilia, and factors that modify disease progression and/or severity.
- Research on the lifestyle factors or comorbidities that may modify the progression of polycystic kidney disease.

Post-Traumatic Osteoarthritis

- Development or validation of innovative regenerative rehabilitation approaches for preventing or mitigating post-traumatic osteoarthritis.
- Studies to evaluate and develop best practices for multidisciplinary team approaches and treatment algorithms for post-traumatic osteoarthritis.

- Intra-articular treatments that offer sustained (two or more months) relief of symptoms and/or disease-modifying effects.
- Research on therapies that target multiple phases of the cellular response pathways that are implicated in the development of post-traumatic osteoarthritis, including cell death, inflammation, matrix changes, and changes in catabolic and anabolic responses.
- Research on biomarkers that can serve as surrogate endpoints for post-traumatic osteoarthritis diagnosis and/or can optimize subject selection in clinical trials.

Pressure Ulcers

- Novel strategies for the treatment of pressure ulcers including mitigation of progression to advanced stages.
- Strategies to prevent or reduce the formation of pressure ulcers during prolonged immobilization of casualties in a pre-hospital environment (e.g., spinal cord injuries) or long-range transport/aeromedical evacuation.
- Research on novel techniques for synthetic production, delivery, and adhesion methodologies leading to permanent closing of pressure ulcers. This might encompass synthetic fibers, novel tissue culture methodologies, growth factors, dermal printing, artificial skin, skin graft substitutes, regenerative medicine, etc.
- Novel strategies for the prevention or early detection of pressure ulcers.

Pulmonary Fibrosis

- Identification of biomarkers of pulmonary injury or early predictors of interstitial lung disease.
- Development and/or validation of improved tools and animal models (excluding mice) to study pulmonary fibrosis and evaluate therapeutics.
- Research into the pathobiology and molecular mechanisms underlying the development and progression of pulmonary fibrosis.
- Retrospective studies to determine the risk and incidence of pulmonary fibrosis among military Service members and/or Veterans.
- Development and/or testing of novel and/or innovative treatments, to include precision medicine approaches, to delay or modify the progression of pulmonary fibrosis.

Resilience Training

- Research to deliver evidence-based interventions and improved comprehensive strategies for building individual, family, and community resilience to physical, psychological, environmental, and social stressors over the military life cycle, including transitions.

- Research that measures the effects of resilience training approaches on a broad array of outcomes and constructs of interest (physical health, performance, well-being, mental health, relationships, etc.) by evaluating the efficacy of resilience training and/or leadership approaches in response to stressors and challenges.
- Development and validation of physical or psychological measures of individual variation and response to stressors and meaningful resilience measures, including non-self-report objective measures.
- Research aimed at understanding the relationship between Service member resilience and successful/unsuccessful recovery from injury.
- Research in psychometric training or pharmacological treatment(s) to manage stress within individuals.

Respiratory Health (excludes lung cancer and mesothelioma)

- Research on the causes, treatment, and prevention of obstructive pulmonary diseases (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and bronchiectasis), including identification and validation of biomarkers and disease phenotypes, as well as employing personalized medicine in clinical research and disease management.
- Research on the cause, treatment, and prevention of respiratory symptoms and ailments possibly associated with deployed and redeployed military personnel.
- Research to evaluate the impact of military service, primarily deployment, on the prevalence and severity of respiratory disease.
- Identification and/or validation of biochemical, physiological, or combined biomarkers for evaluating risk or extent of pulmonary injury from either acute or long-term toxic occupational or environmental exposures.
- Research investigating exposure rates, detection, and treatment of diseases related to inhalation of mold and fungi, such as coccidioidomycosis from both indoor and outdoor sources.

Rett Syndrome

- Identification and/or validation of novel and/or innovative biological targets for the treatment of Rett syndrome.
- Development and testing of interventions to improve the neurological symptoms of Rett syndrome.
- Research to understand the relationship between genetic mutations, physical traits, and symptoms in individuals with Rett syndrome.

- Research to understand Rett syndrome's commonalities with, and differences from, other autism spectrum disorders.
- Research on the pathobiology of MeCP2 and associated genes and proteins.

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Research to better understand the relationship between genetic risk, environmental exposures, and predicted triggers, such as infection or smoking, in developing rheumatoid arthritis.
- Studies that identify or validate biomarkers or personalized medicine strategies that allow for individualized medication choice based on the patient's underlying biology or disease state.
- Research on the long-term use of immunosuppressive and other therapies in patients with rheumatoid arthritis.
- Research to better characterize and understand the preclinical disease stage of rheumatoid arthritis for early diagnosis and treatment.
- Research on management of comorbidities, including biopsychosocial outcomes, for patients with rheumatoid arthritis.
- Research to establish activity recommendations following joint replacement for maximal joint life.

Scleroderma

- Research on the molecular mechanisms and pathogenesis of scleroderma, including the identification of novel and/or innovative therapeutic targets.
- Development and/or validation of novel and/or innovative therapies for scleroderma.
- Identification and/or validation of biomarkers and other approaches for early diagnoses, monitoring disease progression, and/or assessment of treatment response.
- Epidemiologic studies investigating the impact of localized scleroderma (morphea) on duty performance, use of personal protective equipment, and deployability.
- Research on early identification and prevention of scleroderma-associated complications, such as lung, liver, or kidney disease.

Sleep Disorders

- Research on how the disruption of normal sleep and circadian rhythms adversely affects the physical and psychological health, safety, performance, and productivity of military personnel and civilian populations, including sex and gender differences.

- Identification and/or validation of non-Continuous Positive Air Pressure (CPAP)-based treatment regimens that enhance compliance in military personnel and civilian populations.
- Research on the prevention and/or mitigation of sleep disorders that are associated with long aeromedical evacuation flights for both clinical team members and patients.
- Development and/or testing of non-pharmacological treatments for sleep disorders associated with long-term exposure to enclosed environments (e.g., aircraft, submarines, tanks).
- Research on the precision diagnosis and/or treatment of sleep disorders, especially following traumatic brain injury or related to post-traumatic stress disorder.

Spinal Muscular Atrophy

- Research into molecular and proteomic phenotyping the spinal muscular atrophy disease state.
- Research to determine mitochondrial involvement and astrocytic and other non-neuronal contributions to motor neuron vulnerability.
- Exploration of the form and function of SMN-depleted neuromuscular junctions at ultrastructural (e.g., dysregulation of endocytosis), transcriptomic, and proteomic levels, particularly the mildest SMN reduction that leads to consistent quantifiable motor neuron loss.
- Research to find non-SMN-altering spinal muscular atrophy modifying genes that may lead to identification of novel and/or innovative therapeutic targets or treatments.
- Research to further understand SMN gene regulation and post-transcriptional mechanisms leading to synergistic SMN-repleting approaches, as well as to determine whether boosting SMN induction maximizes efficacy.

Tinnitus

- Development and validation of objective tools/methods to diagnose and characterize tinnitus (e.g., imaging techniques to identify functional and structural changes in the brain, biomarkers of resiliency, and susceptibility to tinnitus).
- Research to understand the mechanisms of tinnitus, its relationship to noise-induced hearing loss, and progression to chronic tinnitus, with the focus on developing interventions.
- Research to understand and mitigate the negative impact of tinnitus on operational readiness of the military.
- Identification of novel and/or innovative therapies and/or devices for interventions to prevent, manage, and treat tinnitus, including behavioral approaches, new uses for existing drugs, nutritional and pharmaceutical strategies, and acoustic, electrical, and other stimulation technologies.

Tissue Regeneration

- Development of novel therapies to repair neurosensory damage, maintain the distal end organ interface, or regenerate the neuromuscular junction for reinnervation of end organs during peripheral nerve regeneration.
- Development of novel therapies for regeneration of tendons and musculotendinous junctions.
- Development of novel therapies for regeneration of functional skeletal muscle, particularly (1) stem cell-based approaches and (2) treatments for volumetric muscle loss.
- Research on novel approaches and therapies to understand mechanisms of immune rejection and obviate the need for chronic toxic immunosuppression in reconstructive transplantation and vascularized composite allotransplantation.
- Research into innovative methods for developing biocompatible scaffolds and stem cell therapies for manufacturing and production of tissues.
- Research on novel interventions to regenerate brain tissue and recover neurological function, especially following traumatic brain injury.

Tuberculosis

- Research to understand, diagnose, or treat multi-drug-resistant tuberculosis or extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis.
- Development of novel strategies or therapeutics to treat tuberculosis.
- Development of a diagnostic assay that can be used at the point of care to rapidly and accurately diagnose tuberculosis to include multi-drug-resistant tuberculosis or extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis.
- Development of novel and/or innovative tuberculosis vaccines or optimization of current tuberculosis vaccines.

Vascular Malformations

- Studies into the natural history, genetics, and pathogenesis of vascular malformations.
- Research to develop or improve methods to diagnose and manage vascular malformations.
- Research to discover or develop novel and/or innovative therapeutic targets and treatments to regress or prevent vascular malformations.
- Development of non-invasive or minimally invasive technologies or approaches for the control of internal bleeding, including cerebral arteriovenous malformations, associated with vascular malformations.

- Development of in vivo or in vitro models of vascular malformations for the purpose of identifying novel and/or innovative drug targets, screening existing drugs, and/or elucidating the pathogenesis of the disease.

Women's Heart Disease

- Identification of sex-specific approaches to either develop novel diagnostics and treatments or increase the effectiveness of current practice to improve clinical care of women.
- Research on factors to predict and prevent the long-term impacts of the endocrine system, gestational diabetes, gestational hypertension, menopause, or preeclampsia on the cardiovascular health of women.
- Research on trauma-induced cardiac arrest secondary to hemorrhage and polytrauma in the female population.
- Research focused on elucidating the potential relationship between post-traumatic stress disorder and women's heart disease.
- Studies to determine the risk and incidence of heart disease among current and/or former female Service members.

APPENDIX 3: DOD AND VA WEBSITES

PIs are encouraged to integrate and/or align their research projects with Department of Defense (DoD) and/or Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) research laboratories and programs. Collaboration with DoD or VA investigators is also encouraged. Below is a list of websites that may be useful in identifying additional information about DoD and VA areas of research interest, ongoing research or potential opportunities for collaboration within the FY19 PRMRP Topic Areas.

Air Force Office of Scientific Research
<https://www.wpafb.af.mil/afri/afosr/>

Air Force Research Laboratory
<https://www.wpafb.af.mil/afri>

Armed Forces Radiobiology Research Institute
<https://www.usuhs.edu/afri/>

Clinical and Rehabilitative Medicine Research Program
<https://crmrp.amedd.army.mil>

Combat Casualty Care Research Program
<https://ccc.amedd.army.mil>

Congressionally Directed Medical Research Programs
<https://cdmrp.army.mil>

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
<https://www.darpa.mil/>

Defense Technical Information Center
<https://www.dtic.mil>

Defense Threat Reduction Agency
<http://www.dtra.mil/>

Military Health System Research Symposium
<https://mhsrs.amedd.army.mil/SitePages/Home.aspx>

Military Infectious Diseases Research Program
<https://midrp.amedd.army.mil>

Military Operational Medicine Research Program
<https://momrp.amedd.army.mil>

Naval Health Research Center
<https://www.med.navy.mil/sites/nhrc>

Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center
<https://www.nmcphc.med.navy.mil/>

Office of Naval Research
<https://www.med.navy.mil/>

Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology and Logistics
<http://www.acq.osd.mil/>

Telemedicine and Advanced Technology Research Center
<http://www.tatrc.org>

Uniformed Services University
<https://www.usuhs.edu/research>

U.S. Army Institute of Surgical Research
<https://www.usaisr.amedd.army.mil/>

U.S. Army Medical Materiel Development Activity
<https://www.usamma.army.mil/>

U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command
<http://mrmc.amedd.army.mil>

U.S. Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases
<https://www.usamriid.army.mil/>

U.S. Army Research Institute of Environmental Medicine
<https://www.usariem.army.mil/>

U.S. Army Research Laboratory
<https://www.arl.army.mil>

U.S. Department of Defense Blast Injury Research Program
<https://blastinjuryresearch.amedd.army.mil/>

U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, Office of Research and Development
<https://www.research.va.gov>

U.S. Naval Research Laboratory
<https://www.nrl.navy.mil>

Walter Reed Army Institute of Research
<https://www.wrair.army.mil>